# INSTITUTO CAMBRIDGE – EXÁMENES 2022



- 1- cap / gloves / necklace / socks
- 2- hard-working / mean / lazy / stupid
- 3- checkout / sunbathe / receipt / basket
- 4- Slim / overweight/ large/ bald

## CIRCLE THE CORRECT OPTION a, b or c. TO COMPLETE THE BLANKS 4 x 0.25 = 1 mark

- 1- Mum always \_\_\_\_\_ her umbrella in case it rains.
- 2- I \_\_\_\_\_ get up early on Sundays.
- 3- Porche cars \_\_\_\_\_ in Stuttgart.
- 4- She spends all her money \_\_\_\_\_ clothes.

a) wears	b) carries	c) took
a) mustn't	b) might	c) don't have to
a) are made	b) are making	c) make
a) in	b) on	c) at

# **MATCH A LINE FROM 'A' WITH A LINE FROM 'B'.** Write the corresponding number from **B** in the box. There are three extra phrases in column B.

 $4 \ge 0.25 = 1$  mark

Α	В	В	
a A customer		1 when the storm started.	
b I was walking home		2 does she work?	
c Who		3 is someone who buys something from a shop.	
d She didn't win		4 but she was sad.	
		5 although she trained hard.	
		6 wants to come with me.	
		7 when she arrives.	

**EXCHANGES.** *Match a line from A with a line from B to make short exchanges. Write the corresponding number from B in the box. There are two extra phrases in B.*  $4 \ge 0.25 = 1 \text{ mark}$ 

	Α	В
a	What is your teacher like?	
b	Are you ready to order?	
c	(At hotel reception) How can I help you?	
d	How's your grandad?	

	В
1	Yes, please. I'd like spaghetti.
2	She likes ice cream.
3	She's tall and slim.
4	He's fine, thank you.
5	She's friendly and sweet.

6 The TV isn't working.

<b>COMPL</b> or Contin	5 x 0.5 = 2.5 marks		
1-	Carol: I love your bracelet!	it? (you/buy)	
	Sue: Oh! At the local craft fair.		
2-	John:	_at the company? (you/work)	
	Peter: I've worked there since I got my degr	ree in 1988.	
3-	Sue:	at 7 p.m. yesterday evening? (you /do)	
	Paul: I was watching TV.		
4-	Tom:	a new pair of shoes? (you/get)	
	Sheila: When I collect my salary, at the end	of the month.	
5-	Meg:	to the hairdresser's? (your mum/go)	
	Mary: Once a week, usually on Fridays.		

<b>COMPLETE THE TEXT ABOUT</b> A NIGHT IN A TENT WITH THE CORRECT <b>TENSE OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS.</b> Use the Present Simple or Continuous, the Past Simple or Continuous, the Present or Past Perfect, the 'Going to' or the Simple Future.	10 x 0.25=2.5 marks
When I was 9 years old I 1) (go) to my best friend's house for a sleepover. We girls and we were all really excited because we were going to sleep in a tent in the garden.	When I arrived, I saw
that my friend's dad 3) (already put up) the tent. Her mum 4) (cook) smelled delicious. After dinner we put on our pyjamas and ran to the tent with our sleep and having fun when suddenly a heavy rain 6) (start) We 7) (n	ing bags. We 5) (talk)
what to doIn the end we had to go inside. We were very disappointed but then, one of t play hide and seek in the dark?' We thought it was a brilliant idea so we turned off the lig so much fun in my life! I 9) (never forget)that night. Tonight m in the garden. I hope it doesn't rain!	ghts. I 8) (never have)

<b>READING.</b> Read this text and then complete tasks A and B.	5 x 0.20 = 1 mark
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Isn't it amazing how much time we spend speaking about food? 'Have you ever eaten...?' 'What did you have for lunch?' and so on. And yet, when you travel from one country to another, you find that people have quite different feelings about food. People often feel that what they eat is normal and that what other people eat is strange or silly. In most parts of Asia, for example, no meal is complete without rice. In England, people eat potatoes every day. In the Middle East, bread is the main part of every meal. Eating, like so many things we do, becomes a habit **which** is difficult to change. Americans like to drink tea or coffee four or five times every day. Australians drink great amounts of beer and the French, wine. The kind of meat people like to eat also differs from one country to another. Horse meat is considered delicious in France. In Hong Kong some people enjoy eating snakes. In New Zealand they eat sheep but not goat meat. The Japanese don't like to eat sheep meat because of **its** smell, but they love raw fish. So it seems that although eating is a topic we can talk about for hours, there is little common sense in what we say about **it**.

#### Task A: Circle T for True and F for False.

1	Talking about food is a favourite topic of conversation.	Т	F
2	The text is about exotic food around the world.	Т	F
3	English people eat a lot of rice.	Т	F
Task B: Circle the correct answer a, b or c.			

4- In line 5 which refers to	a) things we do	b) change	c) habit
5- In line 9 its refers to	a) The Japanese	b) sheep meat	c) raw fish

### WRITING

You want to do a painting course. You saw this ad in the newspaper:

PAINTIN	G COL	URSES	IN	BATH	
			-		

Intensive courses for all levels Beginners welcome

Use 100 to 140 words to write an **EMAIL** asking for information. Use this plan and include linking words to join your sentences.

Paragraph 1: Say why you are writing and where you saw the ad.	
<b>Paragraph 2</b> : Ask * about duration of the courses. * cost of the materials and fees.	
* number of students per class.	
<b>Paragraph 3:</b> Ask if *there are outdoor group activities *there are exams at the end of the course and if certificates are given,	
Paragraph 4 : *Ask about accommodation options, describe your preferences. * End your email.	

#### <u>3rd</u>YEAR-MOD 1

WORD: 1-necklace 2-hard-working 3-sunbathe 4-large

**CIRCLE:** 1-b 2-c 3-a 4-b

MATCH: a-3 b-1 c-6 d-5

EXCHANGES: a-5 b-1 c-6 d-4

QUESTIONS: 1-Where did you buy 2-How long have you worked 3-What were you doing 4-When are you

going to get 5-How often does your mum go **TENSES:** 1-went 2-were 3-had already put up 4-was cooking/had cooked 5-were talking 6-started 7-didn't know 8-had never had 9-will never forget / have never forgotten 10-are sleeping/ going to sleep **READING: TASK A:** 1 T - 2 F - 3 F **TASK B:** 4 c-habit 5 b-sheep meat