

INSTITUTO CAMBRIDGE de Cultura Inglesa – MARZO 2019

NAME:				3rd YEAR			
A	B	FINAL MARK	MOD 2				
			TIME: 2 hours				

PART A

WRITE THE WORDS USING THESE CLUES

5 x 0.2 =1 mark

				1					P					
					2				A					
				3					R					
4									T					
					5				Y					

- 1 - The activity of buying things.
- 2 - You wear these on your feet when you go for a run.
- 3 - Opposite of lend.
- 4 - You pay here when you go to the supermarket.
- 5 - A person who doesn't speak easily to people he/she doesn't know. (adj)

CIRCLE THE CORRECT OPTION a, b or c. TO COMPLETE THE BLANKS.

4 x 0.25 = 1 mark

- 1- She has worked for IBM _____ 2008.
- 2- My brother never does _____.
- 3- I met my best friend _____ university.
- 4- He _____ go to Paris. He hasn't decided yet.

a) for	b) since	c) from
a) housework	b) mistakes	c) plans
a) in	b) on	c) at
a) mustn't	b) might not	c) doesn't have to

MATCH A LINE FROM “A” WITH A LINE FROM “B”. Write the corresponding number from **B** in the box. *There are two extra phrases in column B.*

4 x 0.25 = 1 mark

A	B
a <i>Gino</i> is the restaurant	
b How many people	
c If it snows tonight,	
d He was really tired, so	

B	
1	where they met.
2	he goes skiing.
3	he went to bed.
4	did go to their party?
5	they'll go skiing tomorrow.
6	passed the test?

EXCHANGES Match a line from A with a line from B to make short exchanges. Write the corresponding number from B in the box. There are two extra phrases in B.

4 x 0.25 = 1 mark

A	B
a '...then turn left and take the C train.'	
b What's the matter?	
c Can I get you something to start with?	
d You must be tired.	

B	
1	We have maths now.
2	I have a bad stomach.
3	Yes, a bit.
4	Could you say that again, please?
5	That was a lovely meal.
6	No, thanks. Just the steak.

COMPLETE THE QUESTIONS. <i>Use the Present Simple or Continuous, the Past Simple or Continuous, the Present or Past Perfect, the ‘Going to’ or the Simple Future</i>	5 x 0.4 = 2 marks
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- 1- Dad: _____? The match is going to start. (George/do)
Mum: He’s playing video games. I’ll call him.
- 2- Dylan: _____ when you arrived at the cinema? (the film/start)
Andrew: No, it hadn’t. Luckily, it started five minutes after we arrived.
- 3- Pat: _____ to work yesterday? (you/walk)
Ana: Because I couldn’t find my *Sube* card.
- 4- Carol: My husband’s in Paris on business.
Liz: _____ there? (he/be)
Carol: He’s been there for a week. He left last Saturday.
- 5- Miriam: _____ on Saturdays? (you/get up)
Sally: At about ten. I usually go to bed late on Fridays.

COMPLETE THE LETTER TO FAITH WITH THE CORRECT TENSE OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS. <i>Use the Present Simple or Continuous, the Past Simple or Continuous, the Present or Past Perfect, the ‘Going to’ or the Simple Future</i>	10 x 0.2=2 marks
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Hi Faith,

How are you? How’s the family? I’m writing to tell you that we 1) (just come) _____ back from a holiday in the Alps. It was wonderful! We 2) (see) _____ some fantastic mountain scenery and beautiful lakes. Even the kids enjoyed all the walking. I thought they would complain. We 3) (already decide) _____ to go again next year. Carol 4) (not come) _____ with us. She 5) (study) _____ for her final exams and, if she passes them all, she 6) (graduate) _____ next December. Yesterday, while I 7) (wash) _____ the dishes, she told me that one of her teachers 8) (offer) _____ her a job in a law firm. But she 9) (want) _____ to graduate first. I’m sure she 10) (be) _____ very successful!

See you soon.

Meg

READING. <i>Read this text and then complete tasks A and B</i>	8 x 0.25=2 marks
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Singapore is a fascinating place. It’s a giant floating city 130 kilometres north of the Equator. The city has four official languages – Chinese, Malay, Tamil and English. English is the language everyone uses for official business and all the schools teach English.

Singapore is one of the smallest countries in the world, but it is also one of the richest. For years it has been famous for its high level of education – and it’s the number one country in the world for teaching Maths. Most people think that Asian schools in general are very strict. Is this the secret of Singapore’s real success, too? Not at all! If you walk into a Maths class in a primary school in Singapore, you can see how active and noisy it is. Children don’t sit quietly on their chairs watching their teacher at the board and writing sums in their notebooks. You can see a lot of activity and hear a lot of noise.

School starts at the age of seven in Singapore. The Maths programme starts very slowly and the younger children spend a lot of time on the first steps. They use everyday objects, like fruit, to feel and see the basic ideas. They don’t copy from the board or do exercises in their books – they learn Maths through playing. A lot of schools around the world have tried it out – the UK for example, and the USA. And it’s been a great success.

Task A : Circle T for True and F for False

1	In Singapore all schoolchildren learn English at school.	T	F
2	Students are good because teachers are strict.	T	F
3	Maths is taught in a really interesting way.	T	F
4	Students eat fruit in Maths lessons.	T	F
5	The text is about the richest city in the world.	T	F

Task B: Find the word/phrase that means

6	very big	
7	approved by the government	
8	without making much noise	

PART B

WRITING	10 marks
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WRITING	10 marks
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Use 90 to 120 words to write an EMAIL to a friend from a holiday resort and tell him/her about your holidays. Use this plan and include linking words to join your sentences.

Paragraph 1

- Ask how your friend is.
- Say where and how you are.

Paragraph 2

- Tell him/her how you travelled there and what you have done so far.

Paragraph 3

- Write about your plans for the next few days.

Paragraph 4

- Tell your friend you want to see him/her as soon as you come back.
- Say goodbye.

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This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

3rdYEAR-02

WRITE: 1-shopping 2-trainers 3-borrow 4-checkout 5-shy

CIRCLE: 1-b 2-a 3-c 4-b

MATCH: a-1 b-6 c-5 d-3

EXCHANGES: a-4 b-2 c-6 d-3

QUESTIONS: 1-What’s George doing 2-Had the film started 3-Why did you walk 4-How long has he been
5-What time do you get up

TENSES: 1-have just come 2-saw 3-have already decided 4-didn’t come 5-is/was studying 6-will graduate
7-was washing 8-had offered 9-wants 10-will be

READING: TASK A: 1-T 2-F 3-T 4-F 5-F **TASK B:** 6-giant 7-official 8-quietly